

EFFECTIVENESS OF HOMEOPATHY IN CASE OF JAUNDICE THROUGH KENT REPERTORY – A CASE STUDY

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Abstract: Jaundice involves yellow pigmentation of the skin, sclera, mucus membranes caused by the abnormally high level of bilirubin in the body. Homoeopathy is a therapeutic method of healing based on principle of 'Similia Similibus Curentur', which means let likes be treated by likes. It's approach towards treatment is individualistic, viz., it takes into consideration individual variations in the patients suffering from the same disease and treats with its single, simple, dynamic/ highly potentized medicines which are capable of inducing curative/secondary action in response to it's primary action on dynamic aspect (Vital Force) of organism.

Dr. Kent emphasized study of Generals, Particulars and Common symptoms to understand the Person, his/her Parts or Organs and Disease respectively. Dr. Kent laid stress on general symptoms and on uncommon symptoms both at the level of generals and particular, which characterize the man in his sickness.

In the case studied, Kentian approach was adopted and results were brilliant and encouraging.

Key words: Jaundice, Kent repertory, Miasm, Individualization, Deductive logic, Repertorization.

About jaundice:

Jaundice refers to the yellow pigmentation of the skin, sclera, mucus membranes caused by the abnormally high level of bilirubin in the body. Based on pathophysiology, jaundice may result from increased bilirubin production (from excess red blood cell destruction that leads to overproduction of bilirubin), decreased hepatic uptake (due to deranged binding capacity to cytoplasmic protein), decreased bilirubin conjugation (deranged hepatic conjugation due to defect or deficiency of GST enzyme), decreased excretion of bilirubin into bile (hepatocellular damage) causes deranged excretory capacity of the liver). High plasma bilirubin level can cause various manifestations involving diarrhea, lethargy, weight loss, gastrointestinal bleeding, edema, yellowness of skin, sclera and can be fatal because it can cause psychosis seizures, coma and even death. Diagnosis of jaundice can be done by high level of serum bilirubin (direct and indirect bilirubin), Ultrasonography. The proper management of jaundice is high water intake and low fat diet along with homeopathic medicines.

About Kent repertory:

Kent's repertory belongs to the classification of logical utilitarian type because it has a logic behind its construction and has a utilitarian function. It is based on the philosophy of DEDUCTIVE LOGIC i.e from general to particular. The plan followed throughout is from generals to particulars. Generals are dealt with in detail

followed by particulars and minute peculiarities. This repertory contains only 648 drugs. The repertory starts with mind chapter, which has been given prime importance. Last chapter is on generalities which contains physical generals and general modalities. The arrangement is - General rubrics containing all the remedies which have produced all the symptoms followed by particulars like side, time, modalities and lastly extensions. He emphasized study of Generals, Particulars and Common symptoms to understand the Person, his/her Parts or Organs and Disease respectively.

How homoeopathy deals with such ailments:

Homoeopathy is a therapeutic system of healing with dynamic medicines based on principle - *Similia Similibus Curentur* i.e., *Let like be treated by likes*. Dr. Kent laid stress on general symptoms and on uncommon symptoms both at the level of generals and particular, which characterize the man in his sickness. He did this by relating to man's general disease first affecting at dynamic plane and then only functional followed by structural. He advised to study all the symptoms from within outward.

Case Studied

Present Complaints:

A 31 years old female patient attended outpatient department (OPD) on 24th June 2019 with the following complaints:

Follow up Sheet:

Date	Progress/ Symptoms	Prescription
01 July 2019	The patient got relived from diarrhea and tenderness over right hypochondric region is less, Nausea from food is relived, but still felling weakness in the body. Pain in abdomen slightly less, distention over upper abdomen is reduced.	Arsenic Album 30, OD x 7 days.
13 July 2019	Advice investigations Serum bilirubin (both direct and indirect), Alkaline Phosphate. The patient is doing well, no new or specific complaints. She is advised to continue with normal diet and report if any ailments.	Marked Improvement

DR. S.S. TANTIA M.C.H. & RESEARCH CENTRE
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JAN SEWA HOSPITAL

Rx Date _____

PtName: [Redacted] Age/Sex HF Date 13-07-19
Ref. By- Dr- _____

LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Test's Name	Value	Normal Values
T. Protein		4.4-7.8g/dl
Albumin		2.8-4.6g/dl
Globulin		2.1-3.4 g/dl
A/G RATIO		1.5:1-2:1
T. Bilirubin	0.9	0.2-1.0 mg/dl
D. Bilirubin	0.1	0.0-0.2 mg/dl
I. Bilirubin	0.8	0.2-0.8 mg/dl
SGOT /AST		00-37 IU/L
SGPT /ALT		00-40IU/L
Alk Phosphates		53-141 IU/L

Dr. Dishu Goyal
(M.D.Pathologist)

This report is not valid for medico legal purposes

Reports:

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JAN SEWA HOSPITAL

Rx Date _____

PtName: [Redacted] Age/Sex HF Date 24-06-19
Ref. By- Dr- _____

LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Test's Name	Value	Normal Values
T. Protein		4.4-7.8g/dl
Albumin		2.8-4.6g/dl
Globulin		2.1-3.4 g/dl
A/G RATIO		1.5:1-2:1
T. Bilirubin	6.25	0.2-1.0 mg/dl
D. Bilirubin	2.32	0.0-0.2 mg/dl
I. Bilirubin	3.93	0.2-0.8 mg/dl
SGOT /AST		00-37 IU/L
SGPT /ALT		00-40IU/L
Alk Phosphates		53-141 IU/L

Dr. Dishu Goyal
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After treatment

Before treatment